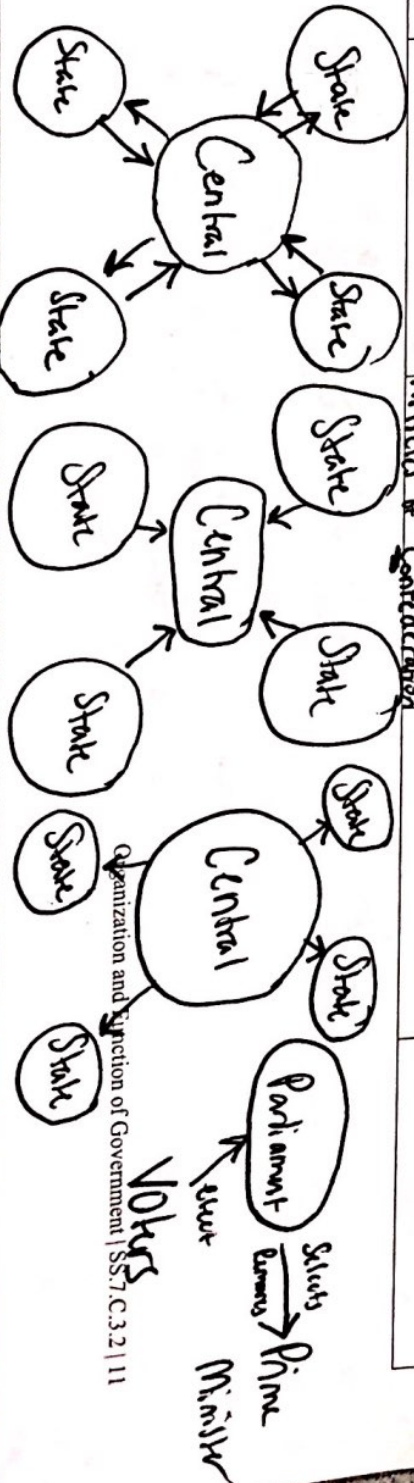


Comparing Systems of Government

SAMPLE ANSWERS

- Directions:** 1. After reading and marking the "Systems of Government" and "Distribution of Power" readings, enter the sentences or phrases you found from each reading into the boxes below.
2. Using the evidence you found from each reading and create your own definition of each system of government.
3. Create a visual representation of each system of government.

	Federal	Confederal	Unitary	Parliamentary
Distribution of Power	The larger and more diverse a country is, there is often a tendency for the country to have a federal system in which authority is "layered" or distributed among different levels.	Loosely attached independent states sometimes join together to create a type of central government known as a confederation, in which the central government exists only at the pleasure of the sovereign members.	In countries with a relatively homogeneous, or similar, population and with a common tradition, language, and sense of national history, the central governments may not be federal but unitary - that is, they may retain most of the administrative power at the center.	In countries where the power of government lies with the legislative body and the leader of the country is part of the legislature, the citizens elect political leaders indirectly through political parties.
Your Definition	A federal system is where power is shared between a central government and states. Power is Shared	A confederal system is where power is located with the independent states and there is little power in the central government. States to Central	A unitary system is where almost all power is located with the central government. Central to State	A parliamentary system is where the power lies with the legislative body and the leader of the country is part of the legislature. Prime Minister
Visual Draw a picture or symbol that represents how power is distributed in the system of government.	$F = \text{Friends}$ <p>"Share"</p>	$\text{Confederal} = \text{A.O.C.}$ <p>Articles of Confederation</p>	$\text{Unitary} = \text{"Unified"}$ <p>Uni = 1</p>	<p>Parliament</p>



Systems of Government Scenarios SAMPLE ANSWERS

Directions: Read each scenario and decide if a confederal, federal, parliamentary, or unitary system is being described. Write the system in the second row. In the third row, list words or phrases you used to make your decision.

Scenarios				
<p>What type of system is being described?</p>	<p>Federal</p>	<p>Confederal</p>	<p>Parliamentary</p>	<p>Unitary</p>
<p>List the evidence you used from the text to answer the question.</p>	<p>Central government and provinces share power</p>	<p>Partnership, voluntarily agreed upon by all members</p>	<p>Prime minister, cabinet are members of legislature, centered around the legislature</p>	<p>Strong, central government, the prefectures are not independent and reply on the central government for funding</p>